Candidate surname | Other names

**Pearson Edexcel
International GCSE**

Centre Number | Candidate Number

Monday 4 May 2020

Afternoon (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes) | Paper Reference **4BN1/01**

Bangladesh Studies

Paper 1: History and culture of Bangladesh

You do not need any other materials.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- In Section A, answer mandatory Question 1.
- In Section B, answer **one** question from Questions 2, 3 and 4.
- In Section C, answer **one** question from Questions 5 and 6.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
  – *there may be more space than you need*.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  – *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question*.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶

P 6 1 8 7 1 A 0 1 2 8

Pearson

SECTION A

You must answer the question in this section.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Some questions must be answered with a cross in a box ☒. If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box ☒ and then mark your new answer with a cross ☒.

You should aim to spend no more than 30 minutes on this section.

1   Towards Bengali independence (1947–1975)

(a) Identify the year that the State Language Day was established.

(1)

☒	**A** 1950
☒	**B** 1951
☒	**C** 1952
☒	**D** 1953

(b) State **two** differences between East and West Pakistan.

(2)

1 ....

....

2 ....

....

(c) Explain why Pakistan had difficulties in establishing stability and economic growth in 1947.

(6)

(d) 'The Special Powers Act of 1974 was the most successful attempt of addressing the problems faced by Bangladesh between 1971 and 1975.'

Discuss how far you agree with this statement.

You may use the following in your answer:

- the State of Emergency, 1974
- BAKSAL

You **must** also use information of your own.

(16)

(Total for Question 1 = 25 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 25 MARKS

Answer ONE question from this section.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Some questions must be answered with a cross in a box ☒. If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box ☒ and then mark your new answer with a cross ☒.

You should aim to spend no more than 30 minutes on this section.

If you answer Question 2 put a cross in the box ☒ .

2   **Early Bengal (AD 600–c1538)**

(a) Identify the Sufi who preached Islam in Khulna and Jessore.

(1)

☒	**A** Hazrat Khan Jahan Ali
☒	**B** Hazrat Shah Jalal
☒	**C** Hazrat Shah Makhdum
☒	**D** Baba Adam Shahid

(b) State **two** achievements of the Pala Dynasty.

(2)

1 ....

....

2 ....

....

P61871A0628

(c) Explain why Bakhtiyar Khalji was successful in overcoming the Sena Dynasty.

(6)

(d) 'Hussain Shahi's diplomatic links with the Portuguese was the most important achievement in establishing Bengal under the Sultanate.'

Discuss how far you agree with this statement.

> You may use the following in your answer:
>
> - developments in literature
> - support for Sri Chaitanya, the founder of Vaisnavism
>
> You **must** also use information of your own.

(16)

(Total for Question 2 = 25 marks)

If you answer Question 3, put a cross in the box ☒ .

3 **The Mughal Empire (c1550–1764)**

(a) Identify the year of the battle of Rajmahal.

(1)

☒	**A** 1575
☒	**B** 1576
☒	**C** 1577
☒	**D** 1578

(b) State **two** achievements of Akbar.

(2)

1 ....

....

2 ....

....

(c) Explain why Robert Clive was successful at the battle of Palashi.

(6)

(d) 'The coming of the British was the most important reason for the decline of the Mughal Empire.'

Discuss how far you agree with this statement.

> You may use the following in your answer:
>
> - Aurangzeb's intolerance to non-Muslims
> - succession issues
>
> You **must** also use information of your own.

(16)

(Total for Question 3 = 25 marks)

P61871A01328

If you answer Question 4, put a cross in the box ☒ .

4   Bengal under British rule (1764–1911)

(a) Identify who became the first Nawab of Bengal.

(1)

☒	**A**	Robert Clive
☒	**B**	Siraj ud-Daulah
☒	**C**	Mir Jafar
☒	**D**	Titu Mir

(b) State **two** consequences of the War of Independence.

(2)

1 ....

....

2 ....

....

P61871A01428

(c) Explain why the development of the Bangla language was successful.

(6)

(d) 'The reversal of the Partition of Bengal in 1911 took place because of the assassination attempts on the life of Lord Minto.'

Discuss how far you agree with this statement.

> You may use the following in your answer:
>
> - extremist Hindus
> - 16 October 1905, a day of mourning
>
> You **must** also use information of your own.

(16)

P 6 1 8 7 1 A 0 1 6 2 8

(Total for Question 4 = 25 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 25 MARKS

P61871A01728

Answer ONE question from this section.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Some questions must be answered with a cross in a box ☒. If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box ☒ and then mark your new answer with a cross ☒.

You should aim to spend no more than 30 minutes on this section.

If you answer Question 5 put a cross in the box ☒ .

5   The road to partition (1909–1947)

(a) Identify the year when the Amritsar Massacre took place.

(1)

☒	**A** 1916
☒	**B** 1917
☒	**C** 1918
☒	**D** 1919

(b) State **two** terms of the Government of India Act, 1935.

(2)

1 ....

....

2 ....

....

(c) Explain why the Gandhi-Jinnah talks of 1944 failed.

(6)

(d) 'The Morley-Minto Reforms of 1909 were the most successful attempt at reform in India between 1909 and 1929.'

Discuss how far you agree with this statement.

> You may use the following in your answer:
>
> - The Lucknow Pact, 1916
> - The Montagu–Chelmsford Reforms, 1919
>
> You **must** also use information of your own.

(16)

P61871A02028

(Total for Question 5 = 25 marks)

P61871A02128

If you answer Question 6, put a cross in the box ⊠ .

6 Bangladesh: establishing the new country (1975–2001)

(a) Identify the year in which the Constitution (Amendment) Order was introduced.

(1)

⊠	**A** 1975
⊠	**B** 1976
⊠	**C** 1977
⊠	**D** 1978

(b) State **two** ways that Bangladesh was successful in its relationship with China.

(2)

1 ....

....

2 ....

....

(c) Explain why Begum Khaleda Zia was defeated in the 1996 elections.

(6)

P 6 1 8 7 1 A 0 2 3 2 8

(d) 'Begum Sufia Kamal was the most influential figure in the development of language and literature in Bangladesh.'

Discuss how far you agree with this statement.

You may use the following in your answer:

- Begum Sufia Kamal, the first editor of 'Begum'
- Jasimuddin's poetry

You **must** also use information of your own.

(16)

(Total for Question 6 = 25 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION C = 25 MARKS
TOTAL FOR QUESTION PAPER = 75 MARKS

P61871A02528

BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE